



Funded by the
Erasmus+ Programme
of the European Union

Küberrünnakute mõistmise ja nendega toimetuleku ülevaade

Andmepüügirünnakute äratundmine

Kuidas andmepüügirünnakuid ära tunda?

Safeguarding against Phishing in the age of 4th Industrial Revolution

www.cyberphish.eu

This project has been funded with support from the European Commission.

*This publication [communication] reflects the views only of the author, and the
Commission cannot be held responsible for any use which may be made of the
information contained therein.*

Õpp-eesmärgid



Selgitage e-ohutuse kontseptsiooni ja
küberohtudele ennetava lähenemise
tähtsust küberhügieeni kontseptsiooni
kaudu

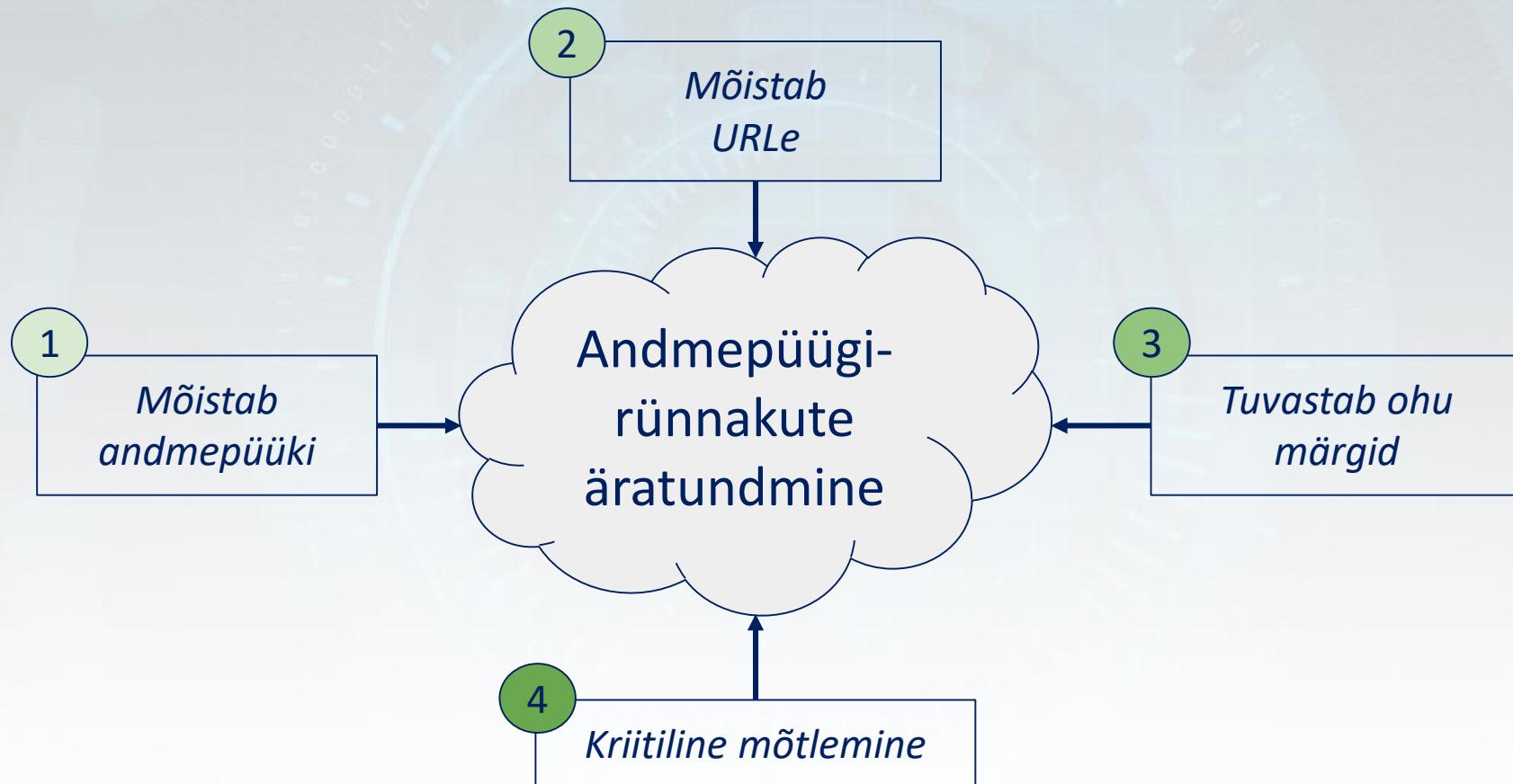
Tuvastada ja käsitleda küberünnakuid

Õpilase töökoormus

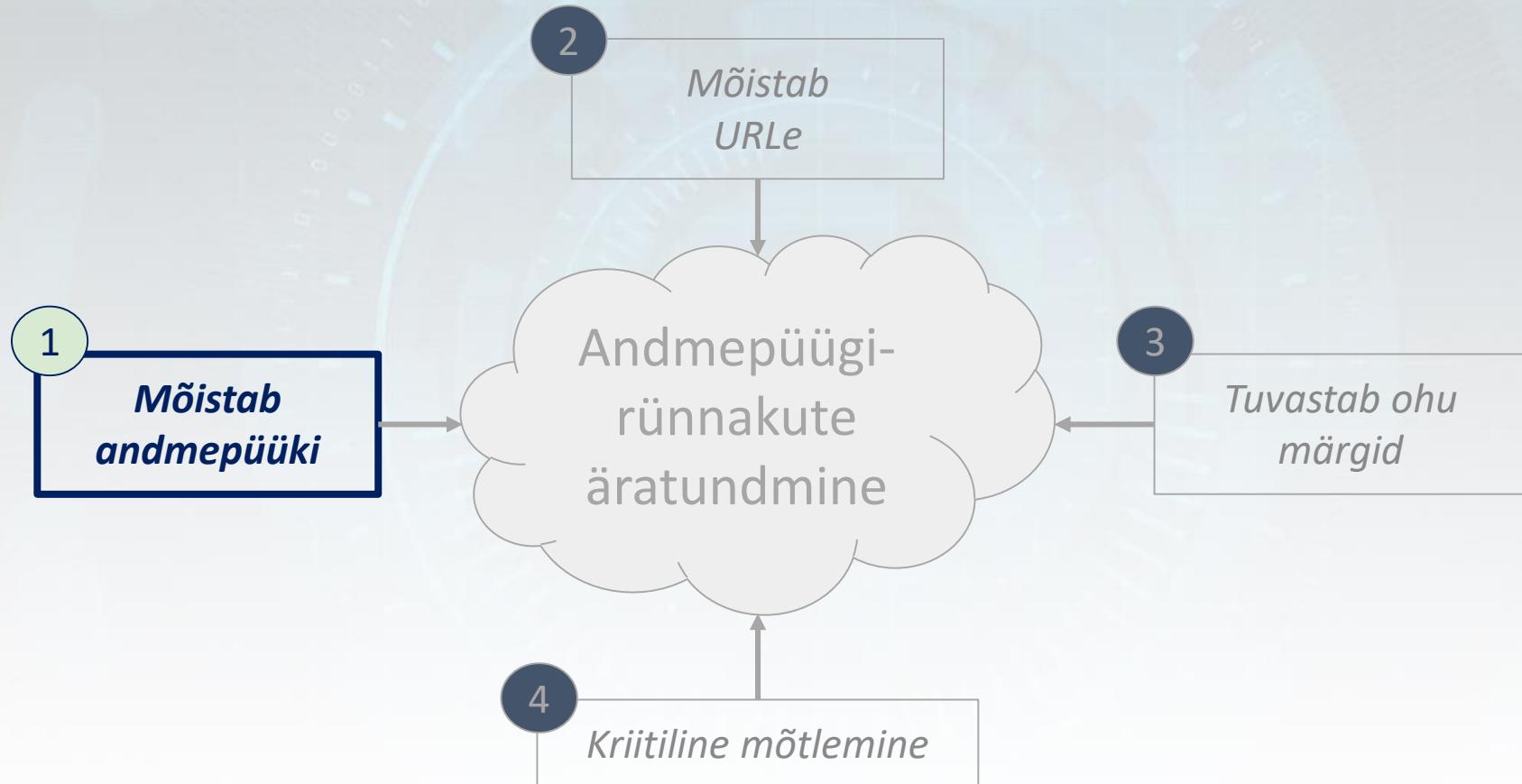


Loengud	2 h
Audio- ja videomaterjal	2 h
Juhtumiuuringud	2 h
Lisalugemine	4 h
Eksamiks valmistumine	2 h

Loenguteemad



Loenguteemad



Mis on andmepüügirünnak?

Andmepüük on sotsiaalse manipuleerimise pettus, mille tagajärjeks võib olla andmete kadu, maine kahjustamine, identiteedivargus, rahakaotus ja palju muud kahju inimestele ja organisatsioonidele. Andmepüügipettus algab tavaliselt e-kirjaga, mis püüab võita potentsiaalse ohvri usaldust ja veenda teda ründaja soovitud toiminguid tegema.

[Abroshan, 2021]

Andmepüügirünnaku allikad



Photo by Google

- E-mail
- Veebisaidid
- Sotsiaalmeedia
- Mobiil (SMS, hääl)
- Igasugune suhtlusvorm...

Andmepüügisõnumi anatoomia

- Sõnumi allikas
 - *kes mulle sõnumi saadab?*
- Sõnumi sisu
 - *millest sõnum räägib?*
- Hüperlingid/manused
 - millele see sõnum veel viitab?



Photo by istockphoto.com

Sõnumi allikas

- Andmepük võib trikitada sarnase saatja meiliga.

Fax Message NoReply [admin] <noreply@efacks.com>
to me ▾

from: Fax Message NoReply [admin] <noreply@efacks.com>
to: Lavender <lav@flowers.biz>
date: 10 Aug 2021, 01:00:32
subject: You Have received a 1 page Fax

Google efax .com

<https://www.efax.com> ▾

Fax Online with eFax – The Worlds #1 Best Online Fax Service

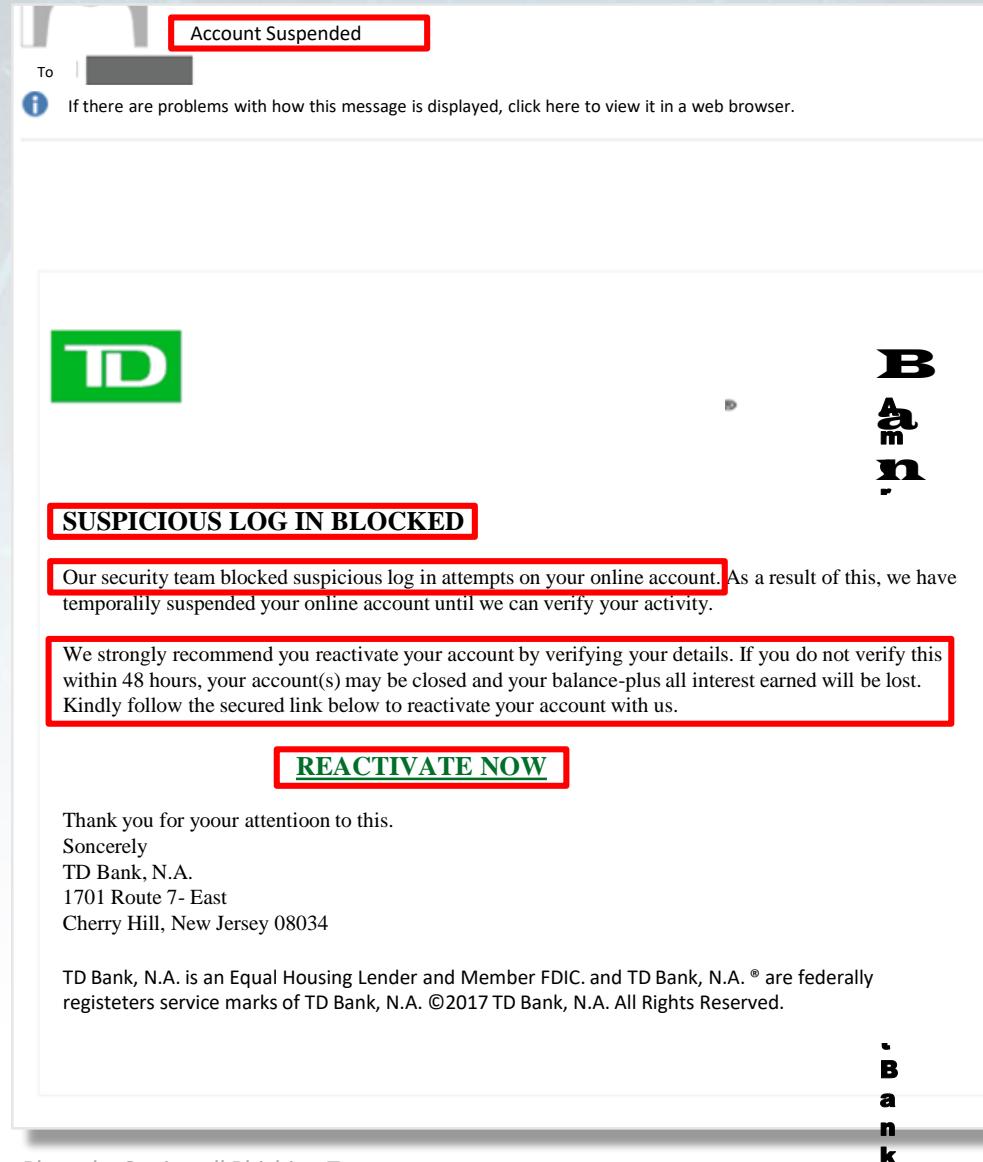
eFax is the global leader in online fax. Send & receive faxes by email. Get a local, toll-free or international fax number. Fax from anywhere our ...

 www.efax.com/en/efax/page/help if you have any questions

Photo by Jigsaw, Google.

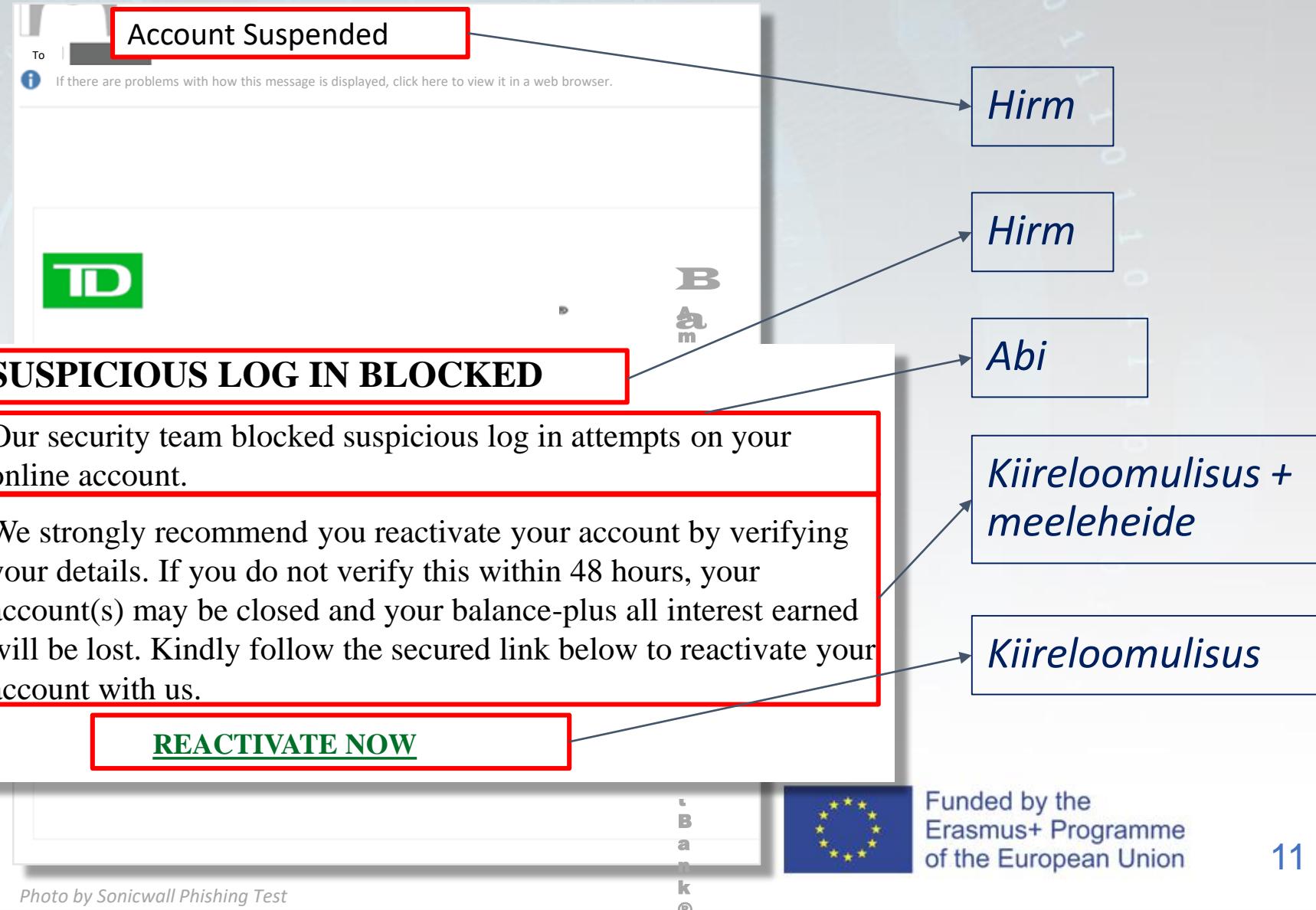
Sõnumi sisu

- Pettus hirmu,
kiireloomulisuse,
autoriteedi, ahnuse,
sõpruse, abi ja
meeleheite kaudu.



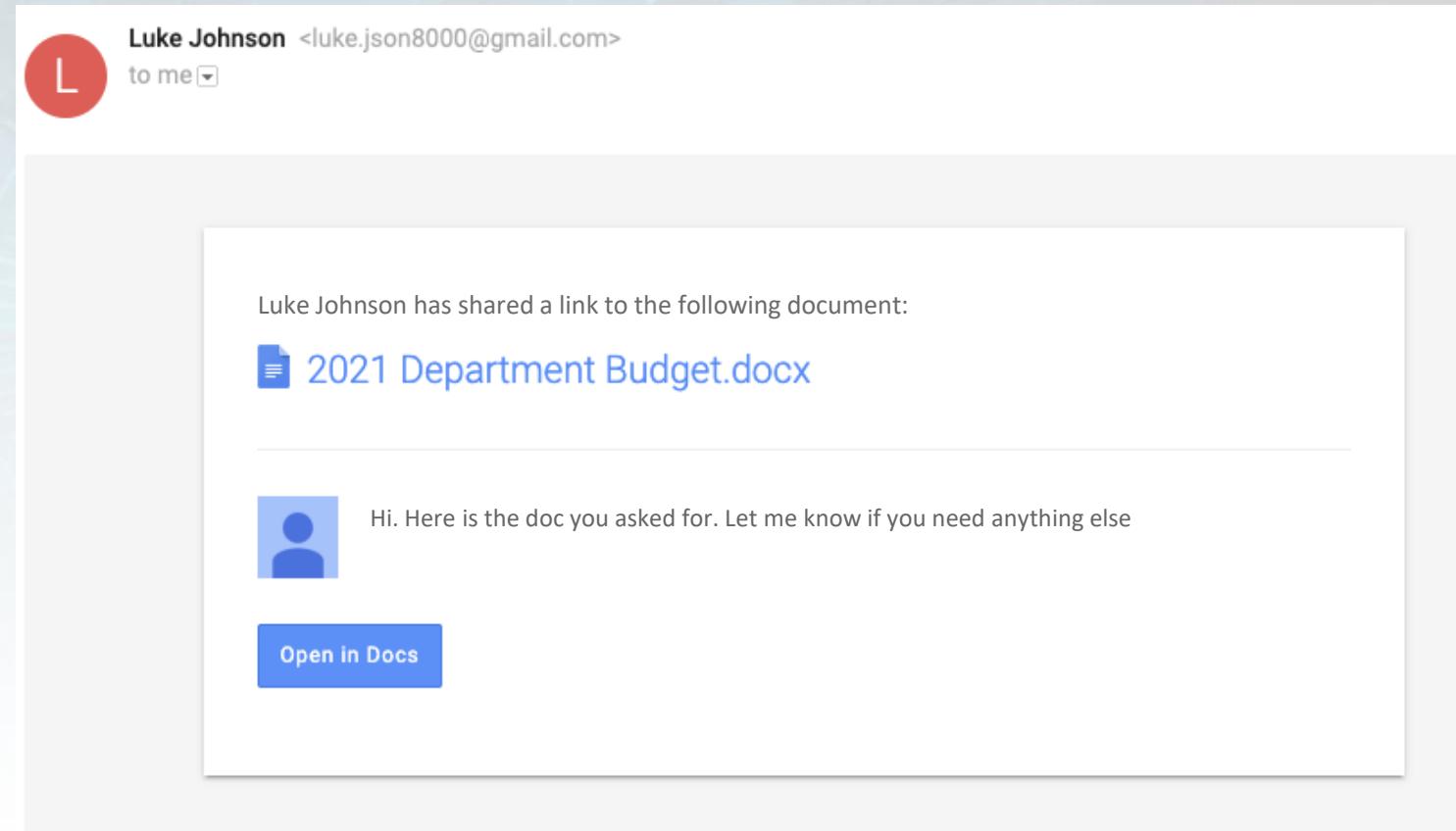
Sõnumi sisu

- Pettus hirmu,
kiireloomulisuse,
autoriteedi, ahnuse,
sõpruse, abi ja
meeleheite kaudu



Hüperlingid/manused

- Manused võivad sisaldada erinevat tüüpi faile, mis võivad olla pahatahtlikud
- Hüperlingid näitavad faili asukohta veebis ja võivad ohvreid suunata pahatahtlikele veebisaitidele või pahatahtlike faile alla laadima.



Hüperlingid/manused

- URL-i kuvamiseks hõljutage kurSORIT nende hüperlinkide kohal (või hõljutage kurSORIT nende kohal).
- Kuvatav URL on Google Drive'i domeeni ebaturvaline imitatsioon

<http://drive--google.com/luke.johnson>

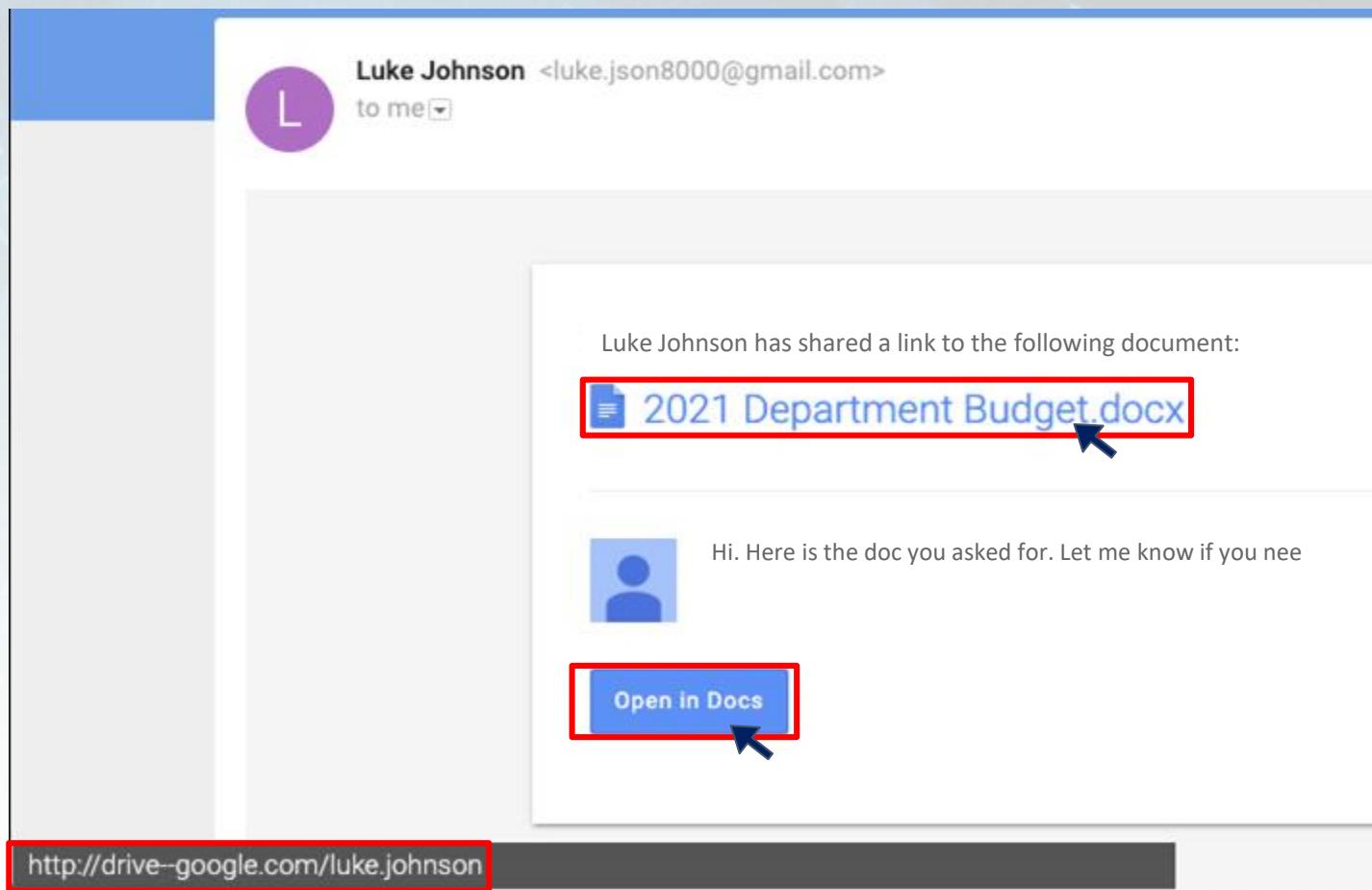
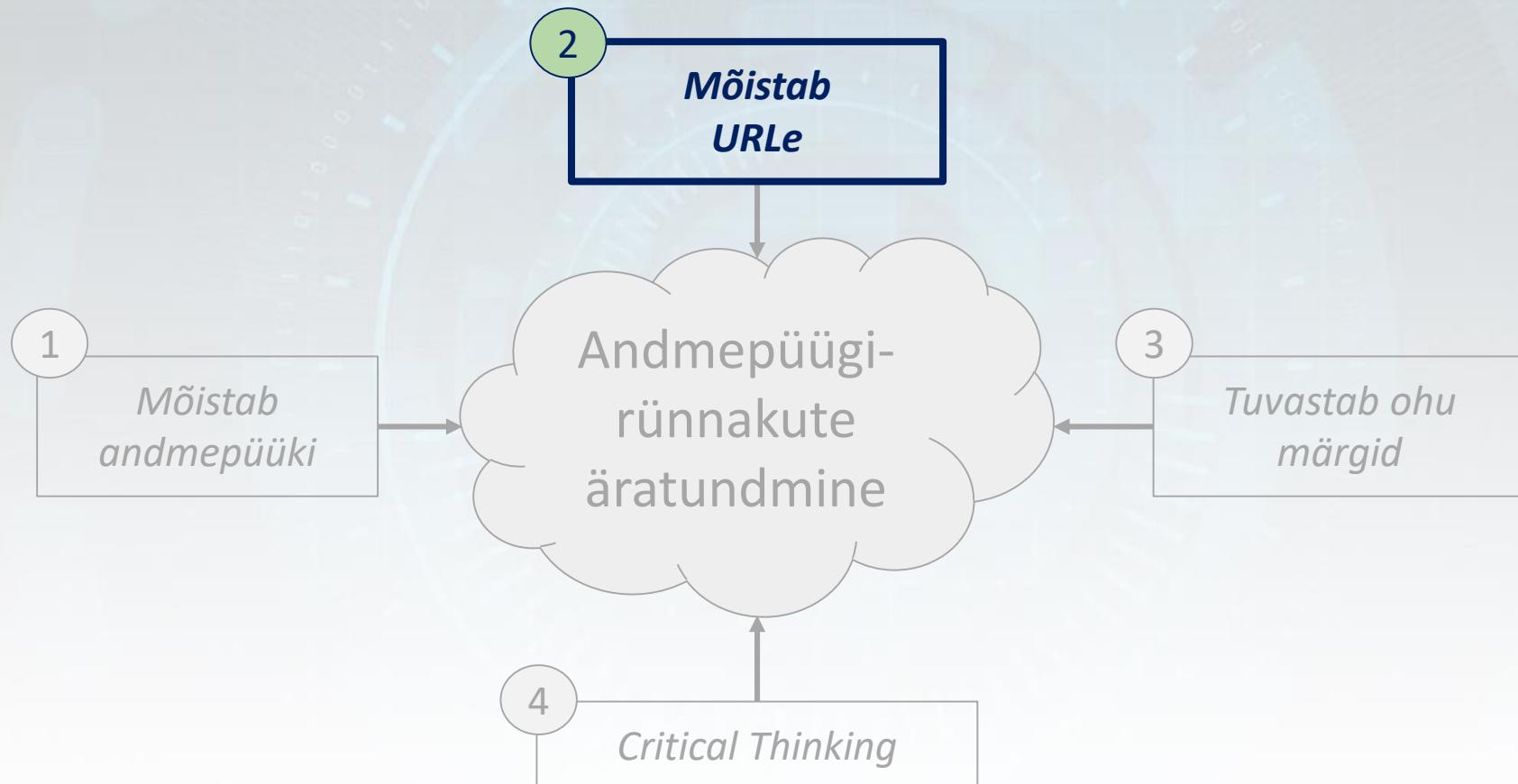


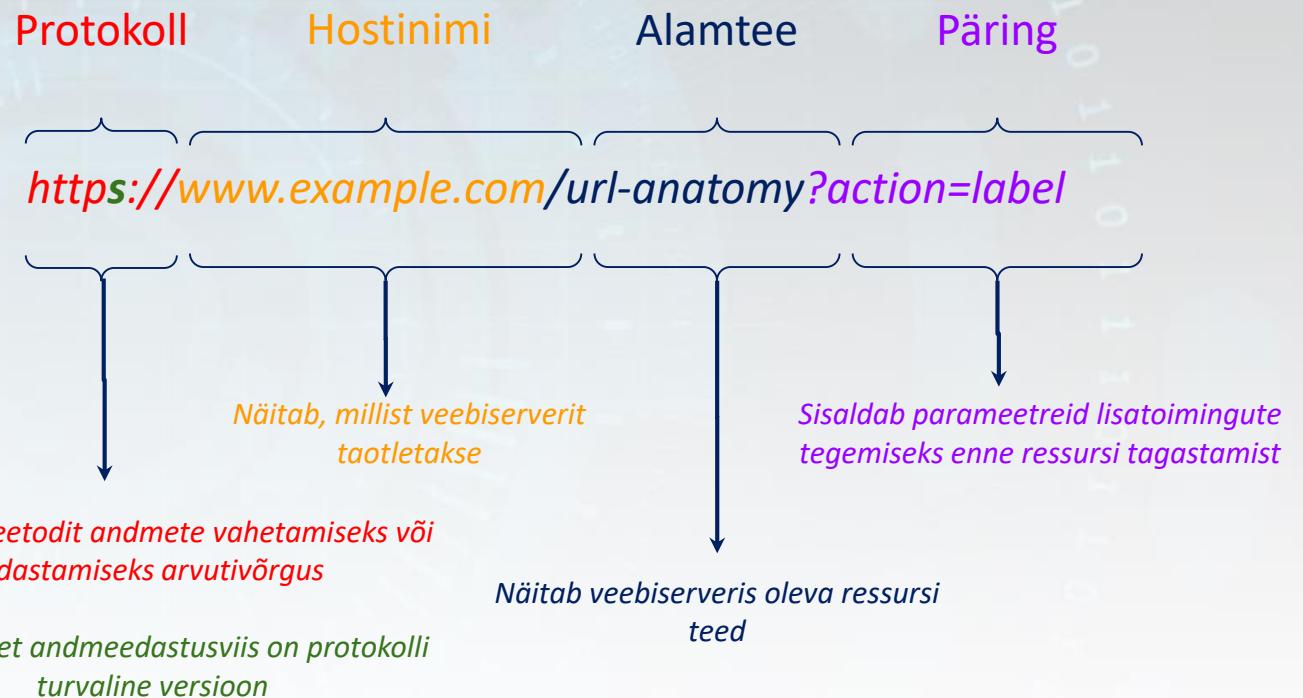
Photo by Jigsaw, Google.

Loenguteemad



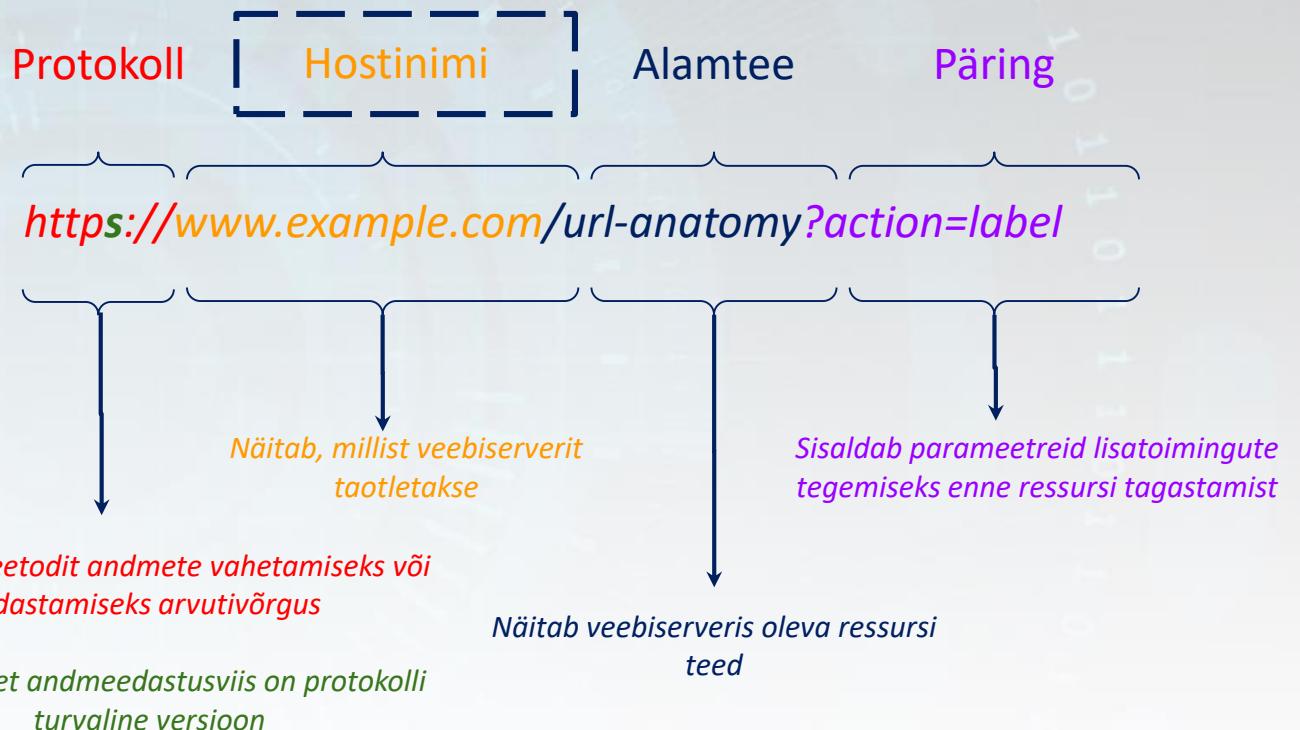
Mõistab URLe

- Uniform Resource Locator (URL) on defineeritud unikaalse ressursi aadress veebis.



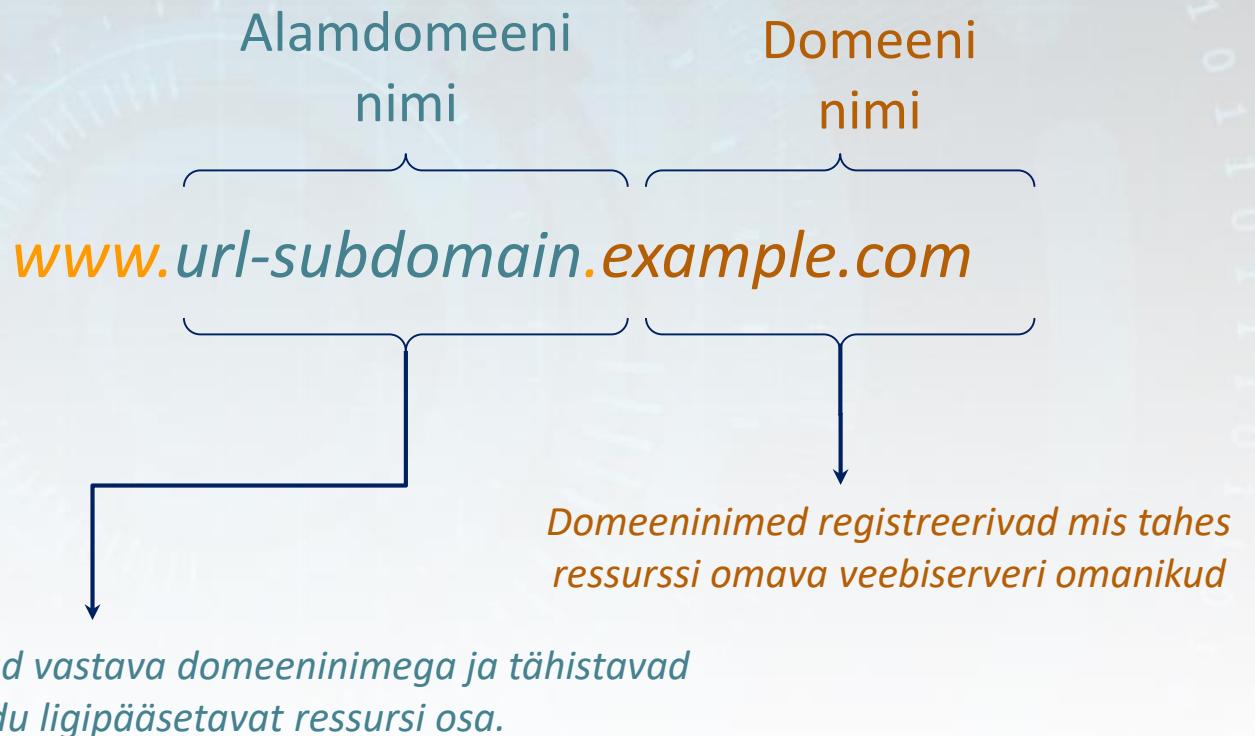
Mõistab URLe

- Uniform Resource Locator (URL) on defineeritud unikaalse ressursi aadress veebis.



Mõistab URLe

- URL-is oleva hosti nimi võib sisaldada mitut alamdomeeni nime



Mõistab URLe

Andmepüügiga püütakse sageli ohvreid URL-idega petta.

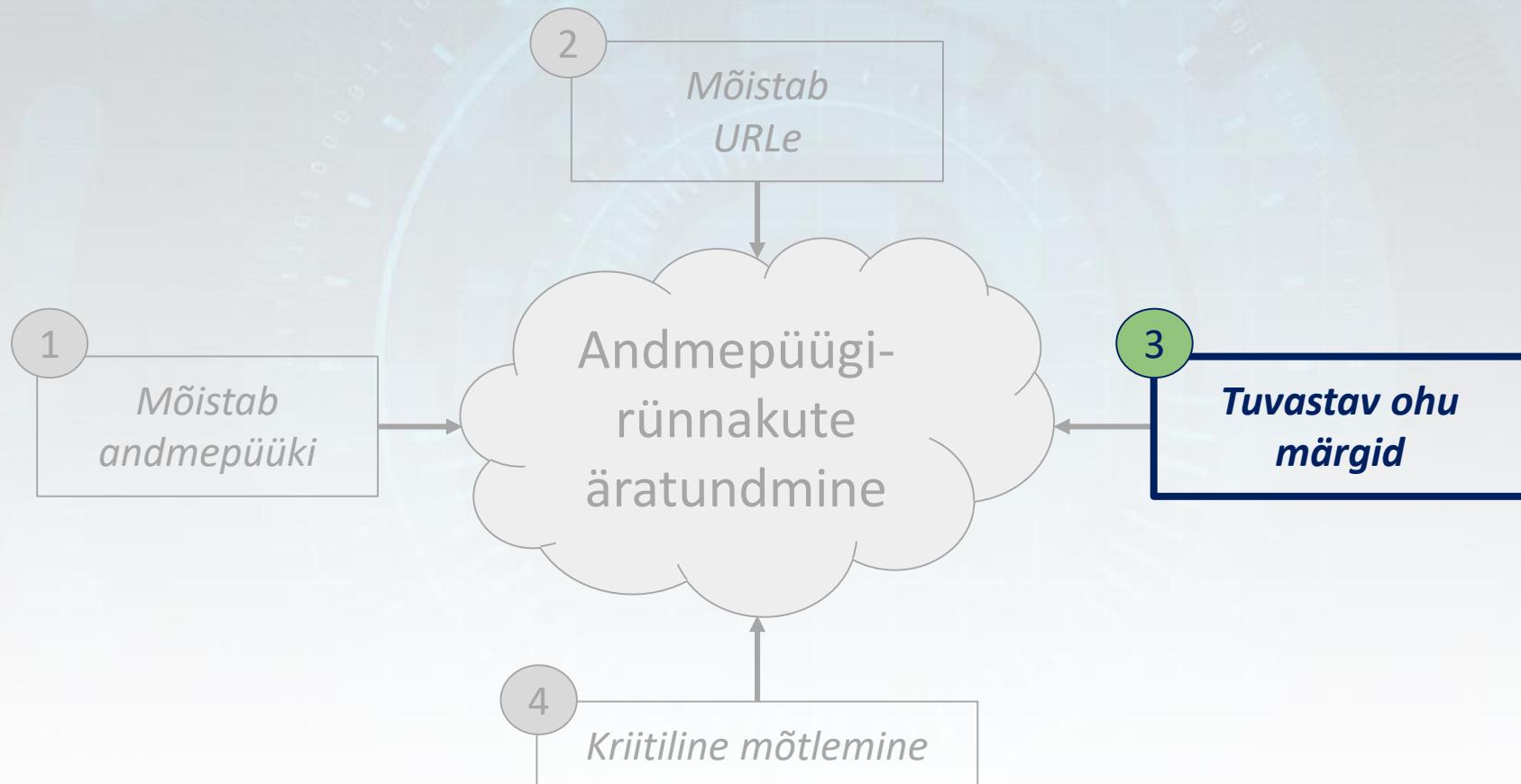
`http://amazon.com.mailru382.co/packagedelivery/2017Dk25RE3`

Protokoll	<i>http</i>
Hostinimi	<i>amazon.com.mailru382.co</i>
Alamtee	<i>/packagedelivery/2017Dk25RE3</i>
Domeeni nimi	<i>mailru382.co</i>
Alamdomeen 1	<i>com</i>
Alamdomeen 2	<i>amazon</i>

Mõistab URLe

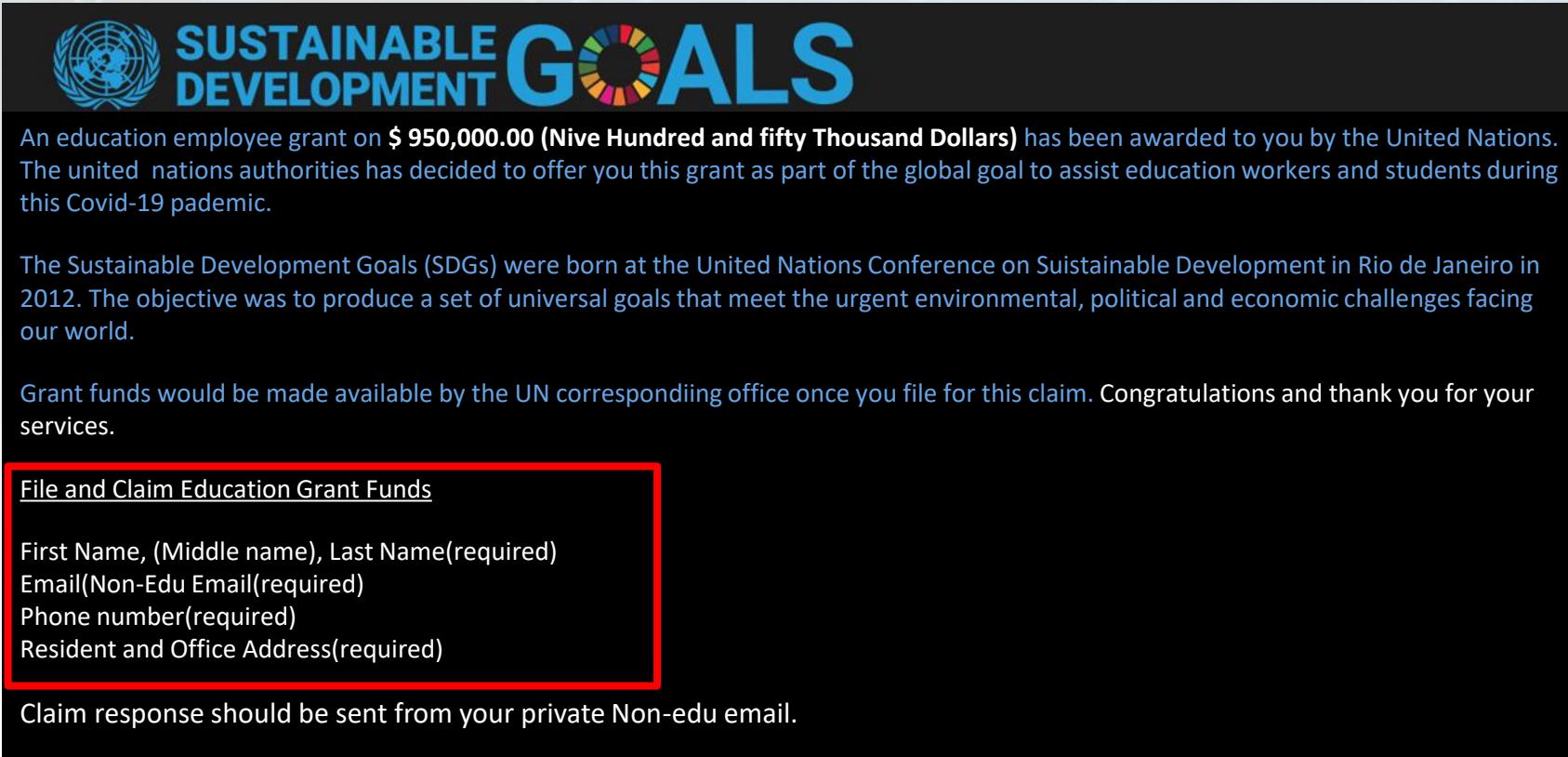
Muud nipid URL-iga ...	Näide
<ul style="list-style-type: none">URL-i protokollil puudub turvalise protokolli indikaator.	URL kasutab <i>http</i> mitte <i>https</i>
<ul style="list-style-type: none">Domeen on nähtavalt sarnane tuntud domeeniga, kuid tegelikult erinev.	<i>google.com</i> valesti kirjutatud kui <i>googgle.com</i>
<ul style="list-style-type: none">Keerulise välimusega domeeninimi, mis ajab ohvri segadusse, st IP-aadress, kuueteistkümnend- või kümnendmärgid, sümbol domeenis.	IP aadress - http://20.85.220.142/telas/caixa/ Sümbolid - https://epic.app/#con@sceneworld.org Numbrid- http://2130706433/evil.com
<ul style="list-style-type: none">URL võib sisaldada domeenis hästi tuntud nime, kuid see ei kuulu seaduslikule allikale.	“ <i>Instagram</i> ” nimekujus http://instagranssupport.it/

Loenguteemad



Tuvastab ohu märgid

- Õiguspärased meiliaallikad (nt ettevõtted) ei küsi teie tundlikku teavet meili teel



The image shows a fake email from the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals. The subject line reads: "An education employee grant on \$ 950,000.00 (Nive Hundred and fifty Thousand Dollars) has been awarded to you by the United Nations." The body of the email states: "The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) were born at the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development in Rio de Janeiro in 2012. The objective was to produce a set of universal goals that meet the urgent environmental, political and economic challenges facing our world." It also mentions: "Grant funds would be made available by the UN corresponding office once you file for this claim. Congratulations and thank you for your services." A red box highlights the "File and Claim Education Grant Funds" button, which is typically where a malicious link would be placed. Below the button, there are fields for First Name, Middle Name, Last Name, Email, Phone number, and Resident and Office Address, all marked as required.

[File and Claim Education Grant Funds](#)

First Name, (Middle name), Last Name(required)
Email(Non-Edu Email(required)
Phone number(required)
Resident and Office Address(required)

Claim response should be sent from your private Non-edu email.



Tuvastab ohu märgid

- Õigustatud meiliaallikatel pole tavaliselt:
 - keerulised meiliaadressid
 - e-posti aadressi, e-posti domeeni või meili saatja nime mittevastavus

The image shows a screenshot of an email inbox. The subject line is "Please Check Your Account [REDACTED] \$50.035". The body of the email includes a link to "Bank_Check" and a "COUPON CODE" for "\$50 off" when spending \$350 or more. The Hotels.com logo is visible at the top of the email. To the right, a 3D white character is holding a red circular "no" sign.

Please Check Your Account [REDACTED] \$50.035

Bank_Check <105039986015128.9.TFS7560404316@sufzmohljbgw.com>

COUPON CODE

\$50 off

When you spend \$350 or more

CyberPhish
Safeguarding your digital future

Funded by the
Erasmus+ Programme
of the European Union

Tuvastab ohu märgid

- Õigustatud meiliaallikad kutsuvad teid tavaliselt teie nime järgi

From: No Reply <sarahrk@unm.edu>
Sent: Monday, June 8, 2020 9:03 AM
Subject: Notice

New message are being held in your temp folder due to a sync error.

Follow below liin to access pending messages and choose what to do with them.

http://www.cs.stanford.edu/msg_panel/

© 2020 cs.stanford.edu

Photo by Stanford Edu.



Tuvastab ohu märgid

- Usaldus-väärsetel meiliaallikatel ei ole probleeme õigekirja ja grammatikaga

From: noreply@stanford.edu <noreply@stanford.edu>
Sent: Monday, May 11, 2020 10:59 AM
Subject: stanford.edu Du to the world Covid-19 epidemic we are verifying all our Email Account users on our sever

Mail.stanford.edu Notification

Du to the world Covid-19 epidemic we are verifying all our Email Account users on our sever.

your account need to be verifiedand be secured with us immediately by download our mail.stanford.edu verification app attached and verify your email account to avoid account from been shutdown on our sever. please note that failing to download our attached app and verify your account with us will automatically regard youor accoount with us as affected by the Covid-19 epidemic and will lead to your account shutdown immediately after our system verification.

Email INC www.stanford.edu

© 2020 Security Email Verification All Rights Reserved.



Photo by Stanford Edu.

Tuvastab ohu märgid

- Õiguspärased meiliaallikad ei saada soovimatuid manuseid



Photo by Sonicwall Phishing Test

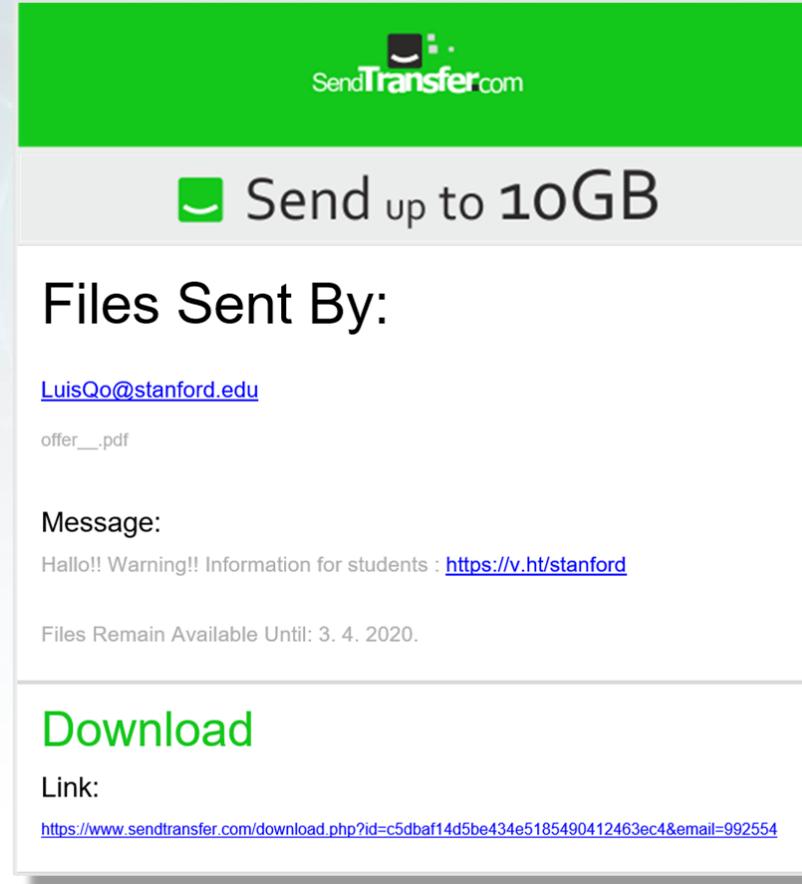
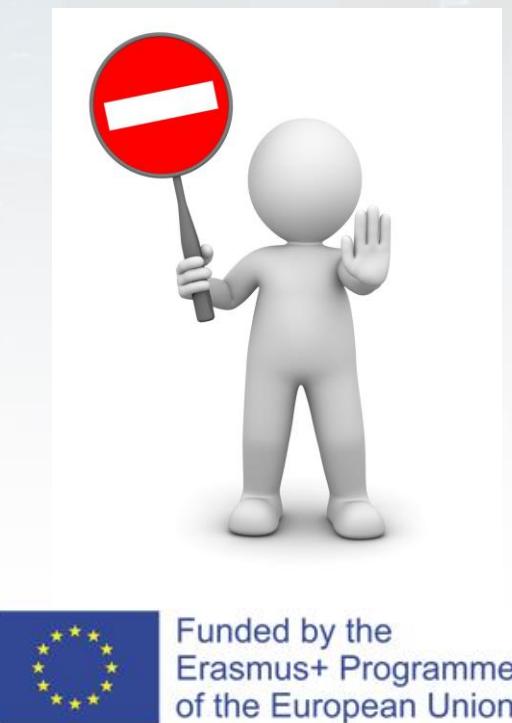
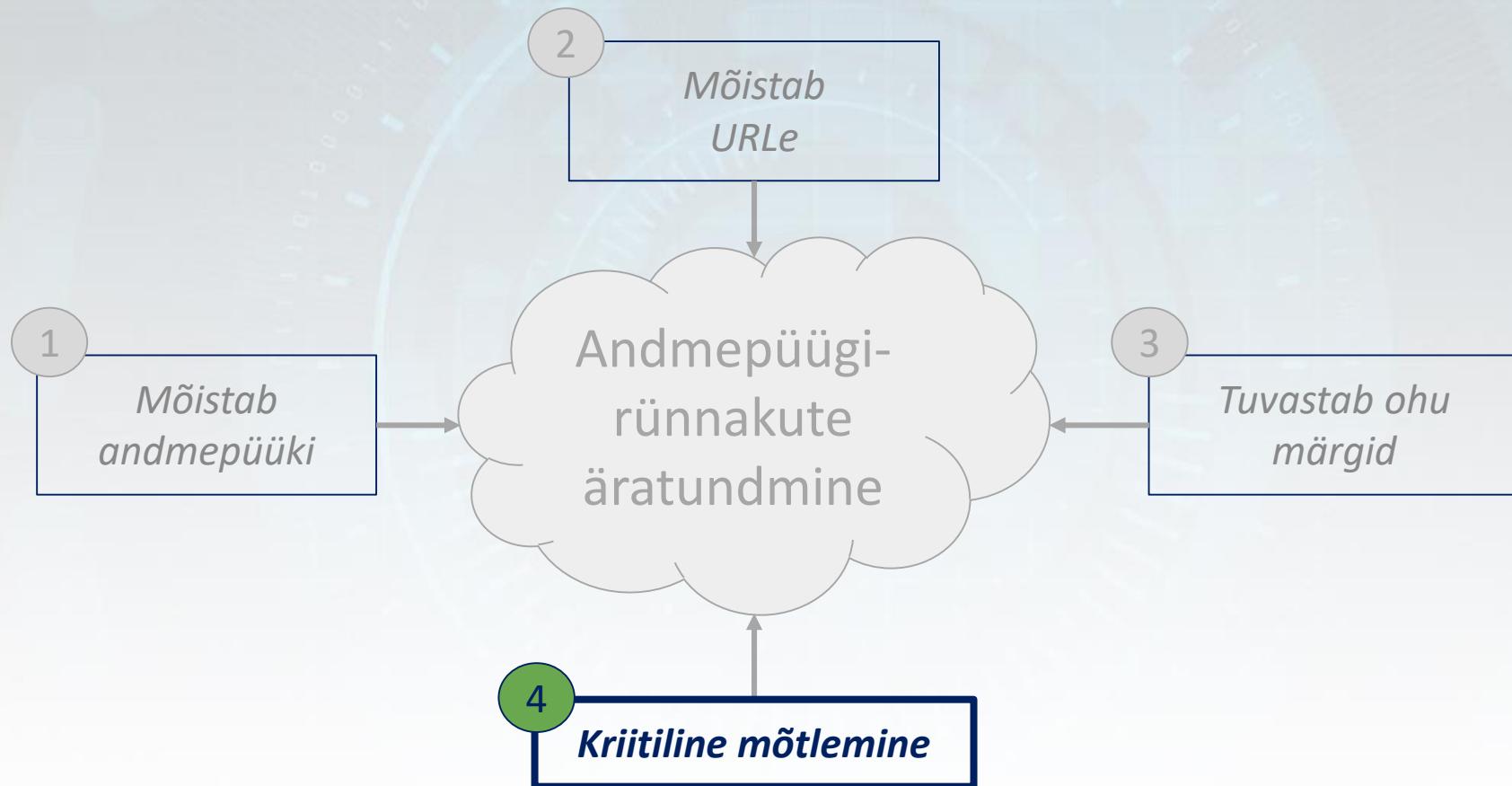


Photo by Stanford Edu.



Loenguteemad



Kriitiline mõtlemine

Andmepüügi
tuvastamine hõlmab
pettuse tuvastamist.



Enne toimingute tegemist
kulutage rohkem aega
sõnumite ülevaatamisele



Kontroll: kas sõnum
sisaldab ohu märke?



Kriitiline mõtlemine

- Olge eriti ettevaatlik, kui te pole kindel, et teate saatjat.

Mäletad TK kooliajast ?

- Tuttavus võib luua piisavalt usaldust, et klõpsata pahatahtlikel URL-idel.

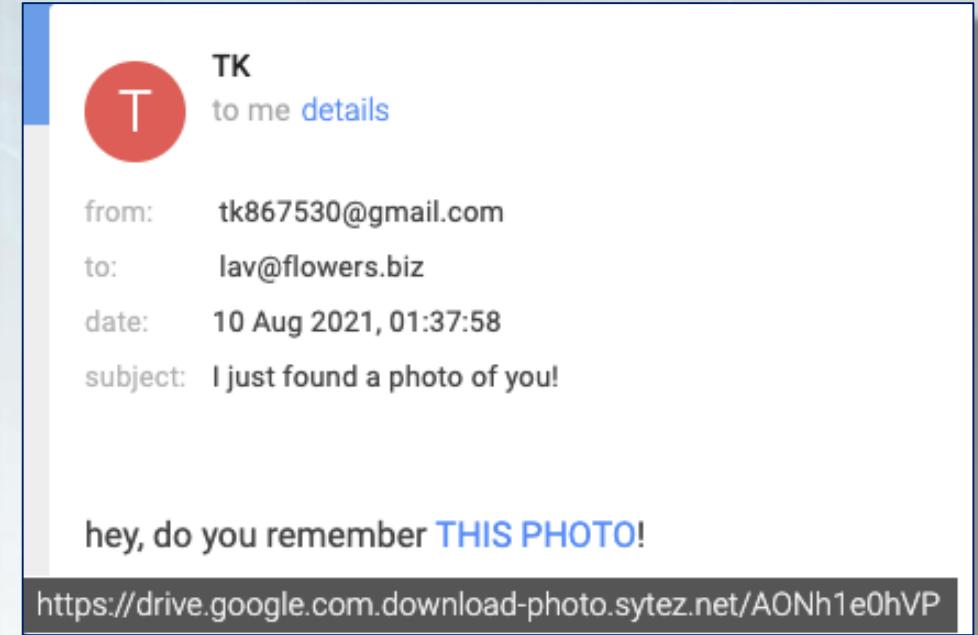
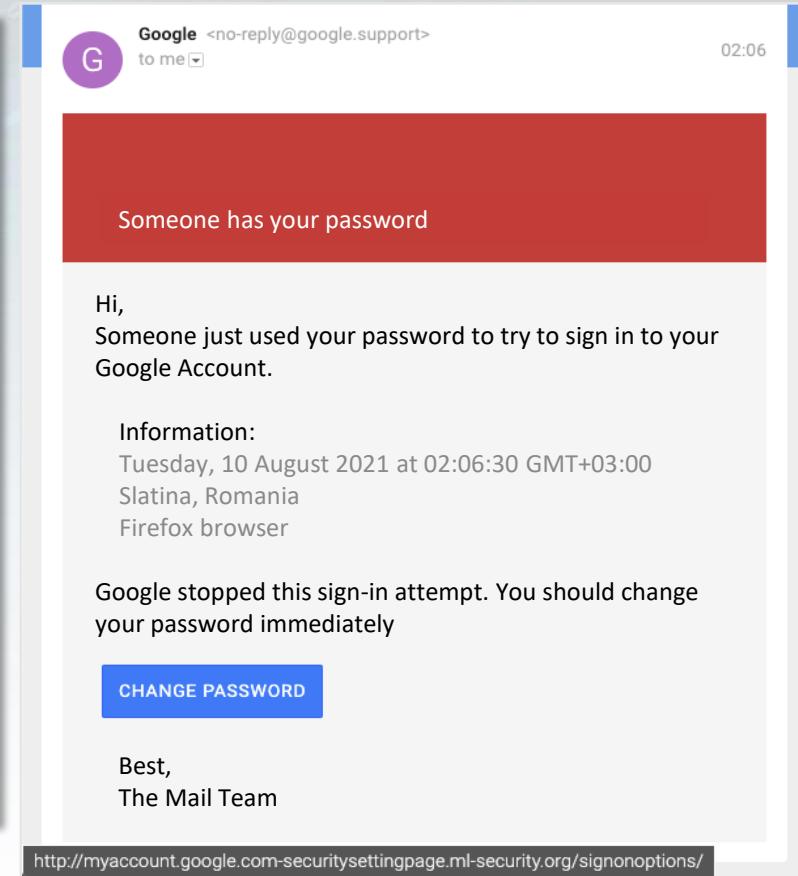
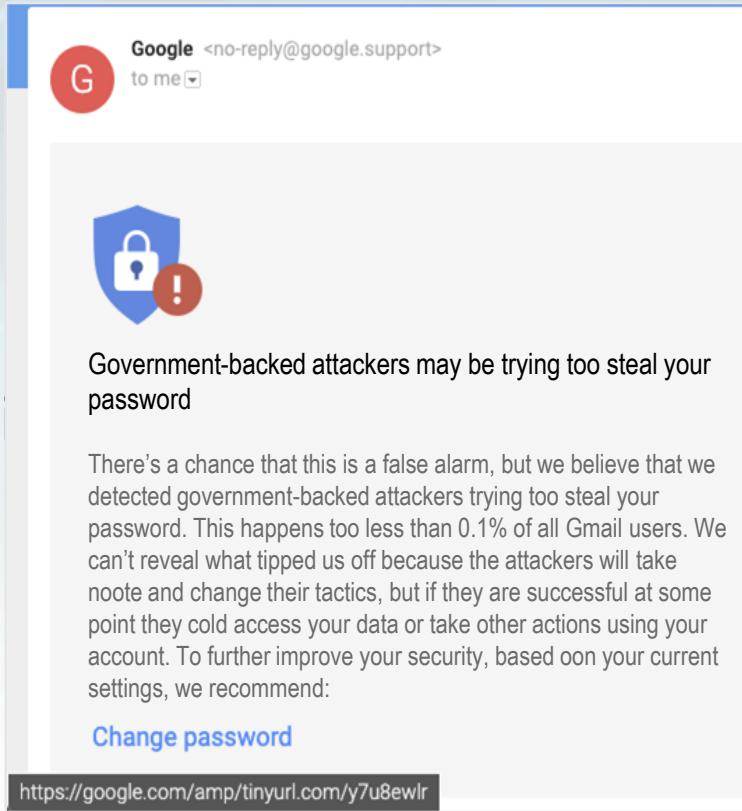


Photo by Jigsaw, Google.

Lisaks on tegelik fotodomeen "**sytez.net**", mitte Google'i draiv.

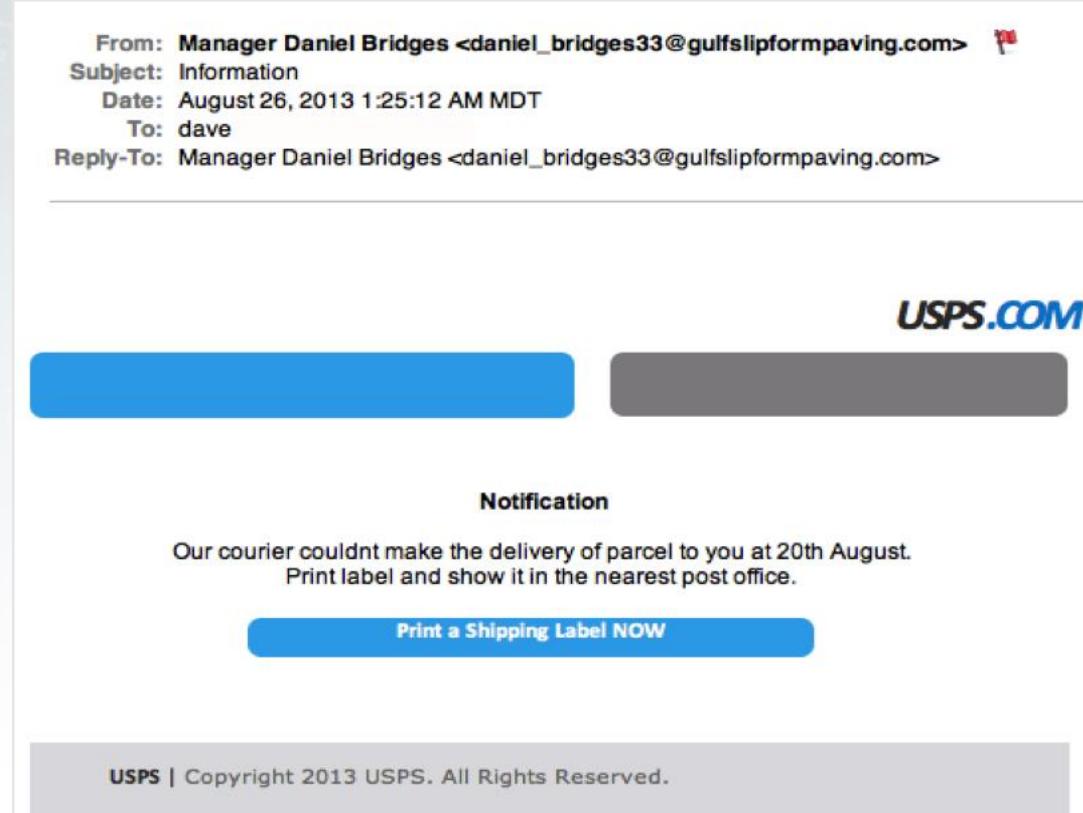
Kriitiline mõtlemine

- Vaadake hoolikamalt, kui meilid nõuavad kiireloomulisi toiminguid



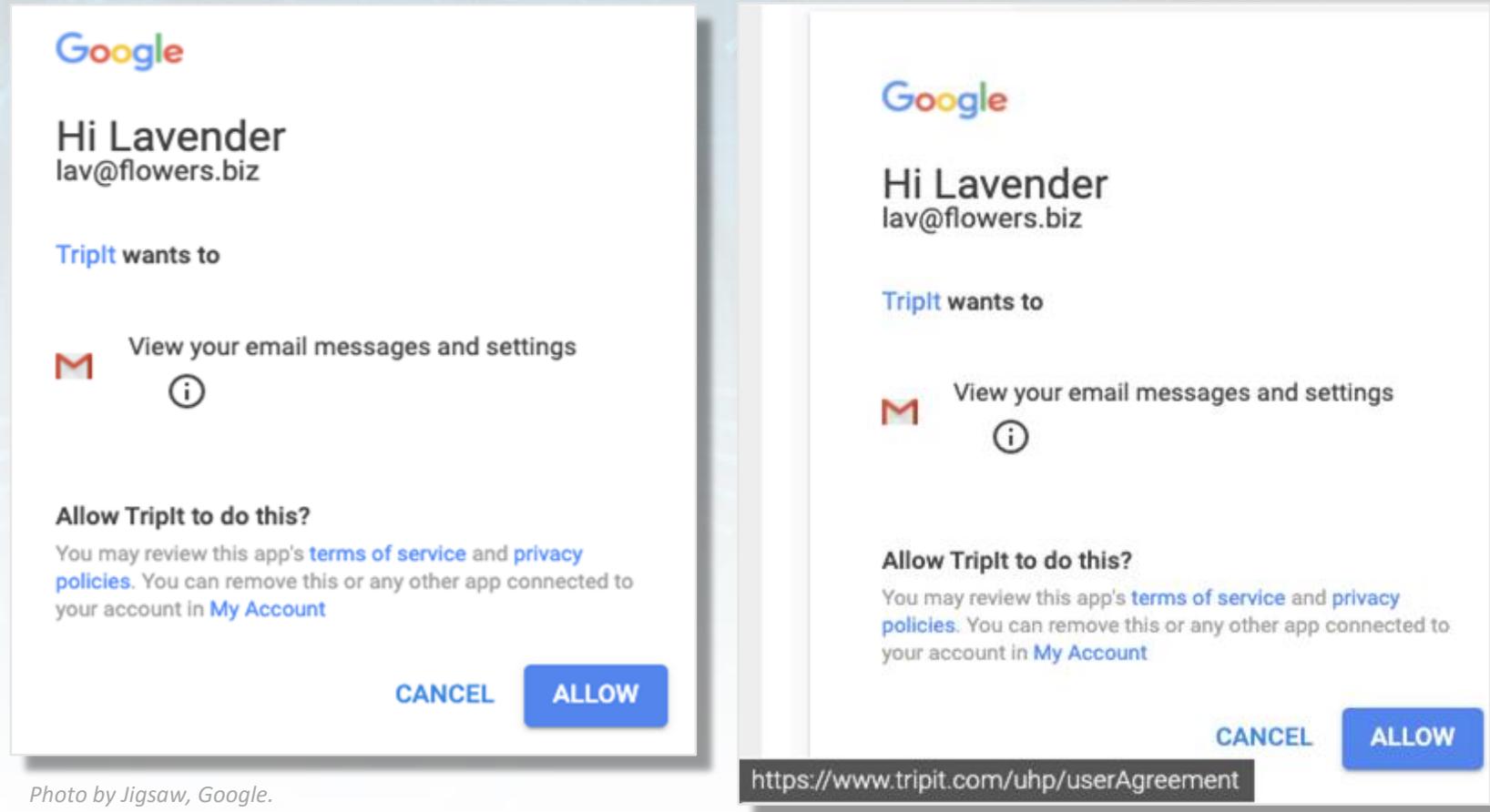
Kriitiline mõtlemine

- Olge teadlik meilidest, mis sunnivad teid välisele veebisaidile minema. Hõljutades kursorit mitte ainult nähtavate linkide, vaid kogu meiliraami kohal, võib näidata peidetud URL-i



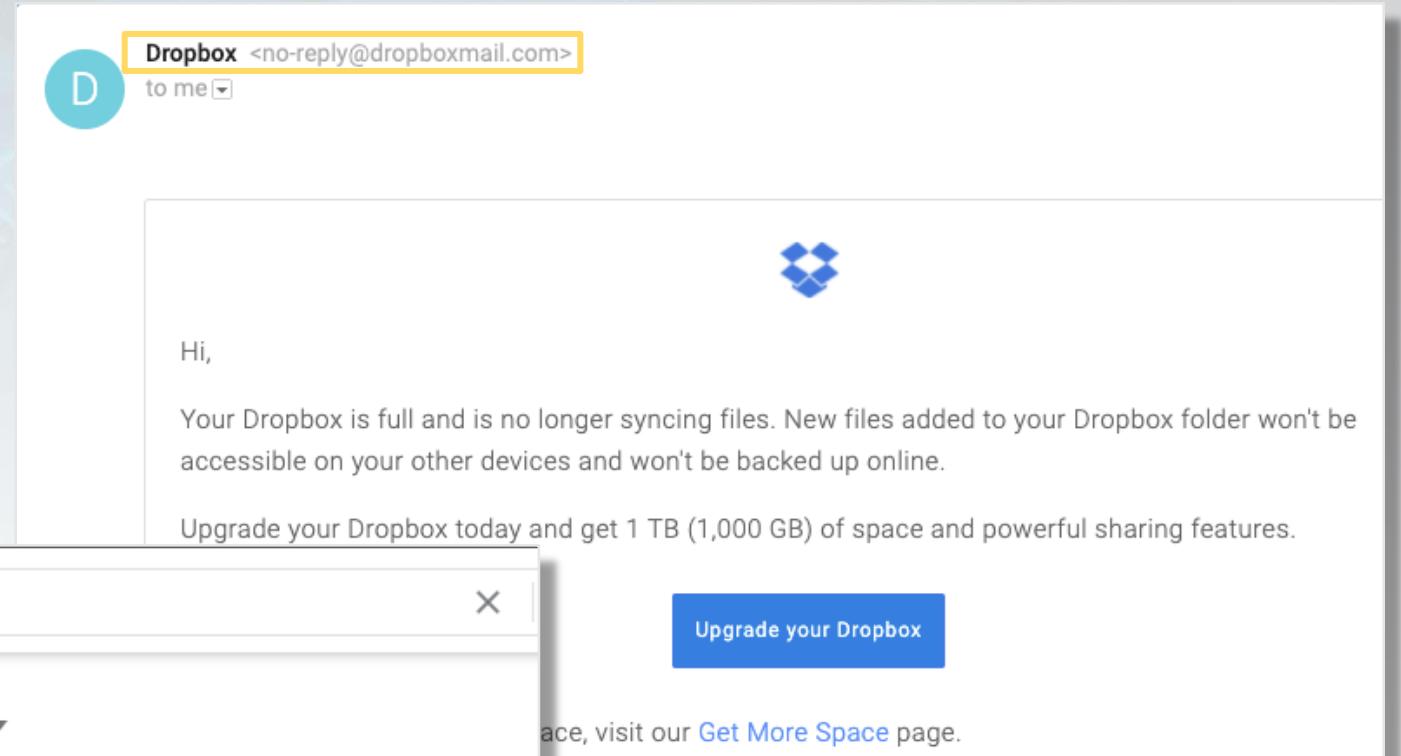
Kriitiline mõtlemine

- Enne kontole juurdepääsutaotluste andmist veenduge, et usaldate rakenduste arendajaid



Kriitiline mõtlemine

- Kui te pole domeenis kindel, saate lisateabe saamiseks kasutada otsingumootorit



Kriitiline mõtlemine

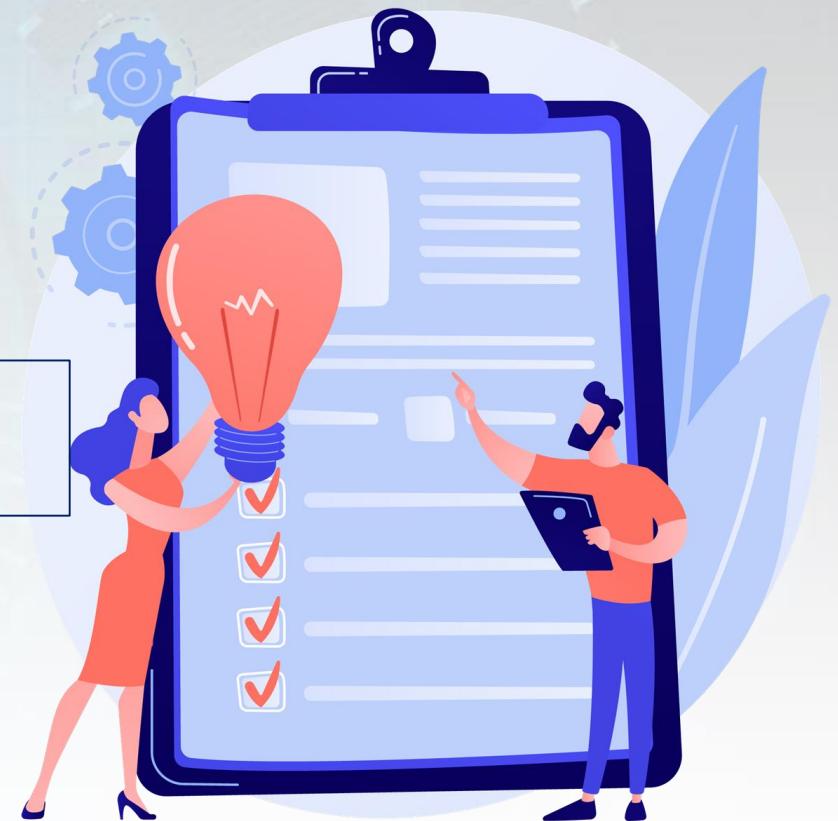
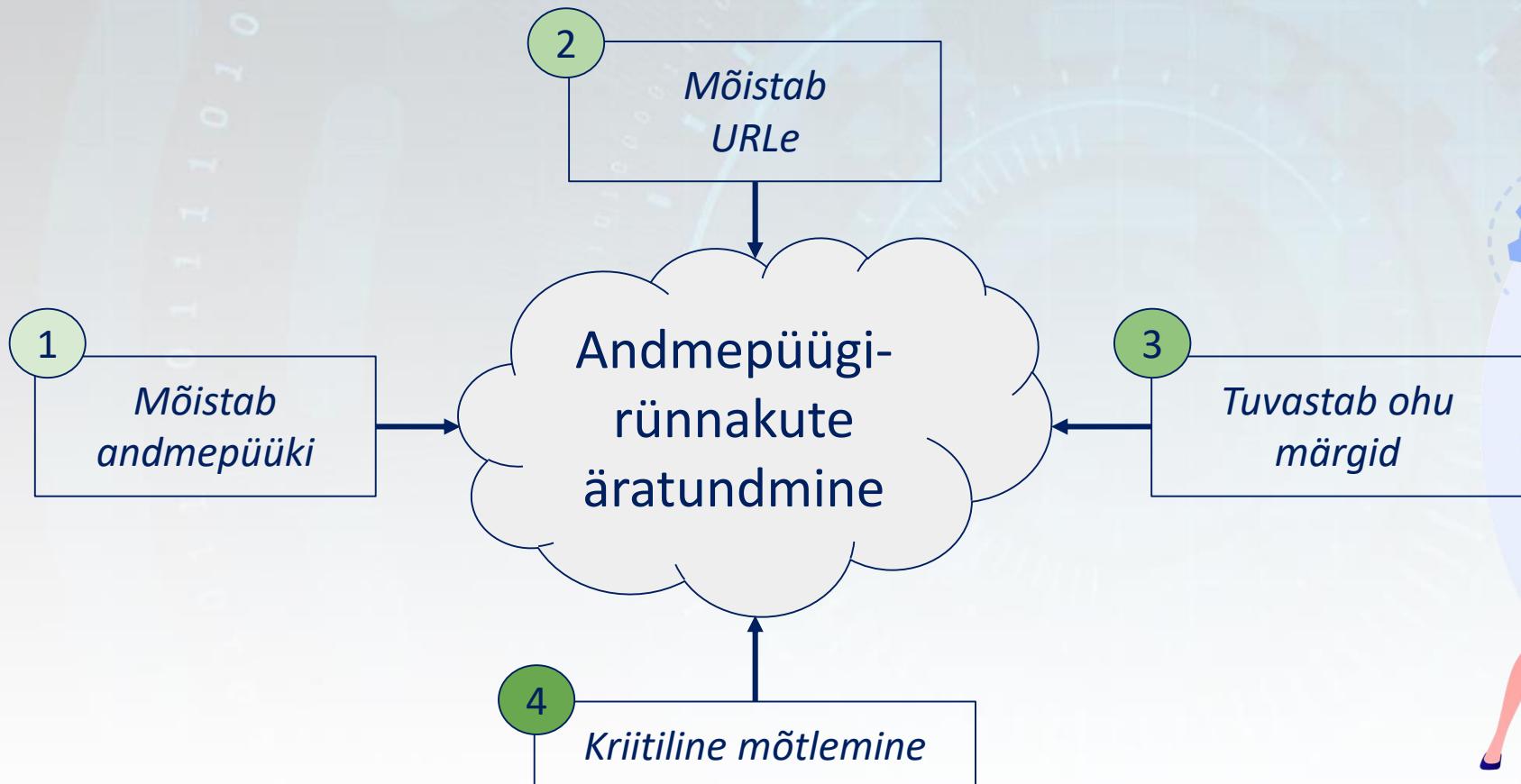
- Kui te pole URL-i osas kindel, on potentsiaalselt andmepüügiga seotud URL-ide otsimiseks olemas tasuta veebitööriistad

Näited:

- [PhishTank](#)
- [CheckPhish](#)
- [IsItPhishing](#)
- [MalwareURL](#)
- [ScamAdviser](#)

The image displays three popular web tools for detecting phishing sites: PhishTank, ScamAdviser, and ISIT PHISHING.ORG.
1. **PhishTank**: A blue-themed website with a yellow navigation bar containing links like "Home", "Add A Phish", "Verify A Phish", etc. It features a section titled "Join the fight against phishing" with instructions to submit suspected phishes and verify others.
2. **ScamAdviser**: An orange-themed website with a search bar at the top. It has a prominent "SCAMADVISER" logo with a shield icon. Below the search bar, it says "Check Scamadviser Before you Buy".
3. **ISIT PHISHING.ORG**: A dark-themed website featuring a search bar and buttons for "Report a Scam" and "Get Help".
The background of the entire image is a light blue gradient with faint binary code patterns.

Kokkuvõte



Ülesanne

Kas näete, millised järgmistest on andmepüügi URL-id?

<http://drive--google.com>

<https://yahoomailservlce.weebly.com/>

<https://amacon-bldr.ga/>

<https://support.google.com/faqs/answer/10122684>

<paypal.com>

<https://storage.googleapis.com/random1992/redirectgffd.html#rd/jOp8EI39NGje0739co9>

<https://dropboxmail.com>

Ülesanne

Arutage, millistest muudest ohu märkidest selles loengus ei räägita, mida olete päriselus kogenud või mõnes toodud andmepüügi näidises ära tundnud.

Ülesanne



Minge **PhishTank** ja valige hiljuti esitatud andmete hulgast andmepügianalüüs näidis:

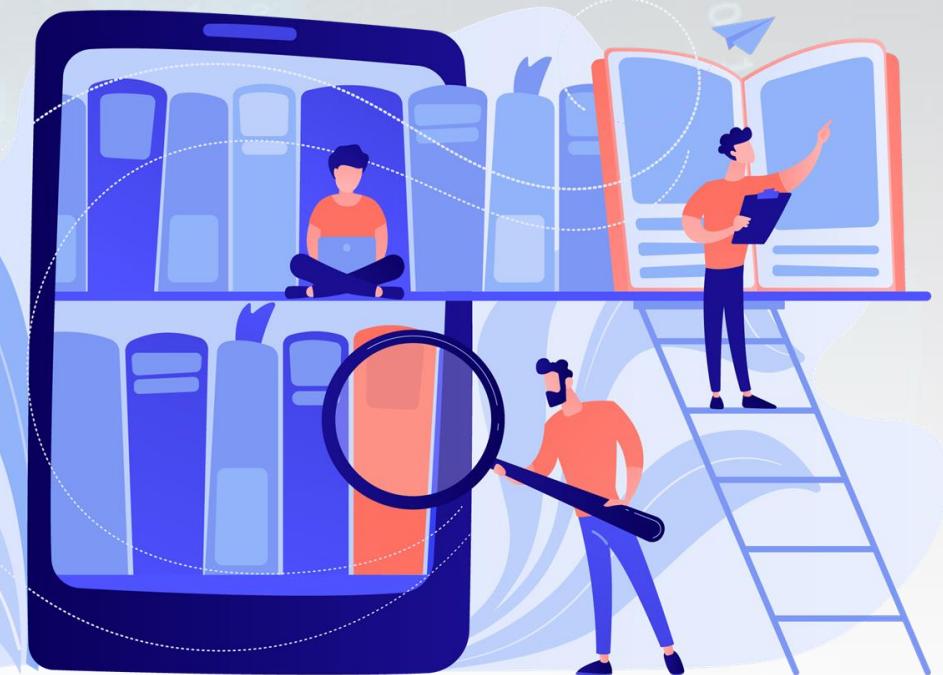
- *Kas saate öelda, kas see on andmepüügi kiri (link) või mitte?*
- *Millised olid andmepüügi näitajad?*
- *Klõpsake "vaata tehnilisi üksikasju". Mida saate sellest õppida?*

<https://phishtank.org>

Lisalugemine

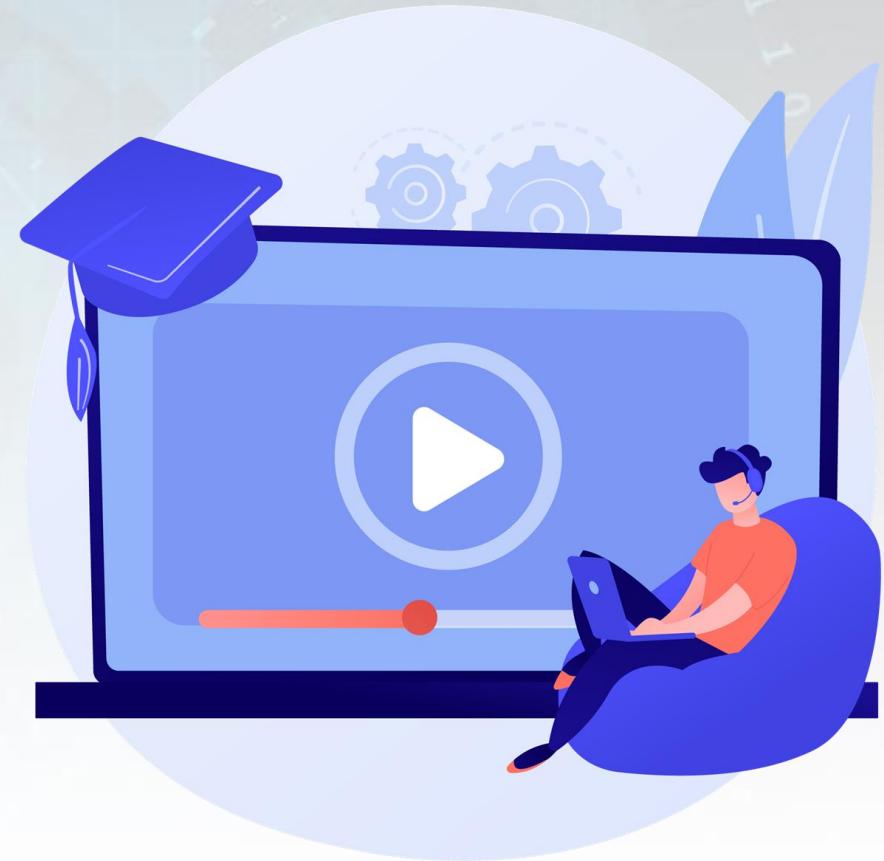
Selle loengu ettevalmistamisel kasutatud materjal

- **Rupa, D.C.C., Srivastava, G., Bhattacharya, S., Reddy, P., Gadekallu, T.R.R.** (2021, August). A machine learning driven threat intelligence system for malicious url detection. In: *The 16th International Conference on Availability, Reliability and Security. ARES 2021*, Article 154, 1–7. <https://doi.org/10.1145/3465481.3470029>
- **Althobaiti, K., Meng, N., & Vaniea, K.** (2021, May). I Don't Need an Expert! Making URL Phishing Features Human Comprehensible. In *Proceedings of the 2021 CHI Conference on Human Factors in Computing Systems* (pp. 1-17).
- **Drake, C. E., Oliver, J. J., & Koontz, E. J.** (2004, July). Anatomy of a Phishing Email. In *CEAS*.
- **Abroshan H.**: Root Causes of Falling Victim to Phishing – The Effects of Human Behavior, Emotions, and Demographics., *PhD thesis*, Ghent University, 2021
- **Alkhailil, Z., Hewage, C., Nawaf, L., & Khan, I.** (2021). Phishing Attacks: Recent Comprehensive Study and a New Anatomy. *Frontiers in Computer Science*, 3, 6.
- **Wash, R.** (2020). How experts detect phishing scam emails. *Proceedings of the ACM on Human-Computer Interaction*, 4 (CSCW2), 1-28.
- **SavvySecurity** (2021). 10 Phishing Email Examples You Need to See. <https://cheapsslsecurity.com/blog/10-phishing-email-examples-you-need-to-see/>
- **Ellis, D.** 7 Ways to Recognize a Phishing Email: Email Phishing Examples. <https://www.securitymetrics.com/blog/7-ways-recognize-phishing-email>



Lühivideo

- Phishing email scam anatomy
 - <https://youtu.be/3gpOM9c6mmA>
- Phishing attacks explained
 - <https://youtu.be/Y7zNIEMDml4>
 - <https://youtu.be/gqhPkeXMeH0>
- Recognising and staying safe from phishing
 - https://youtu.be/R12_y2BhKbE



Tänan kuulamast

