



Funded by the
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Introduction to Cybersecurity

History of Cybersecurity

Safeguarding against Phishing in the age of 4th Industrial Revolution

www.cyberphish.eu

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Learning Goals



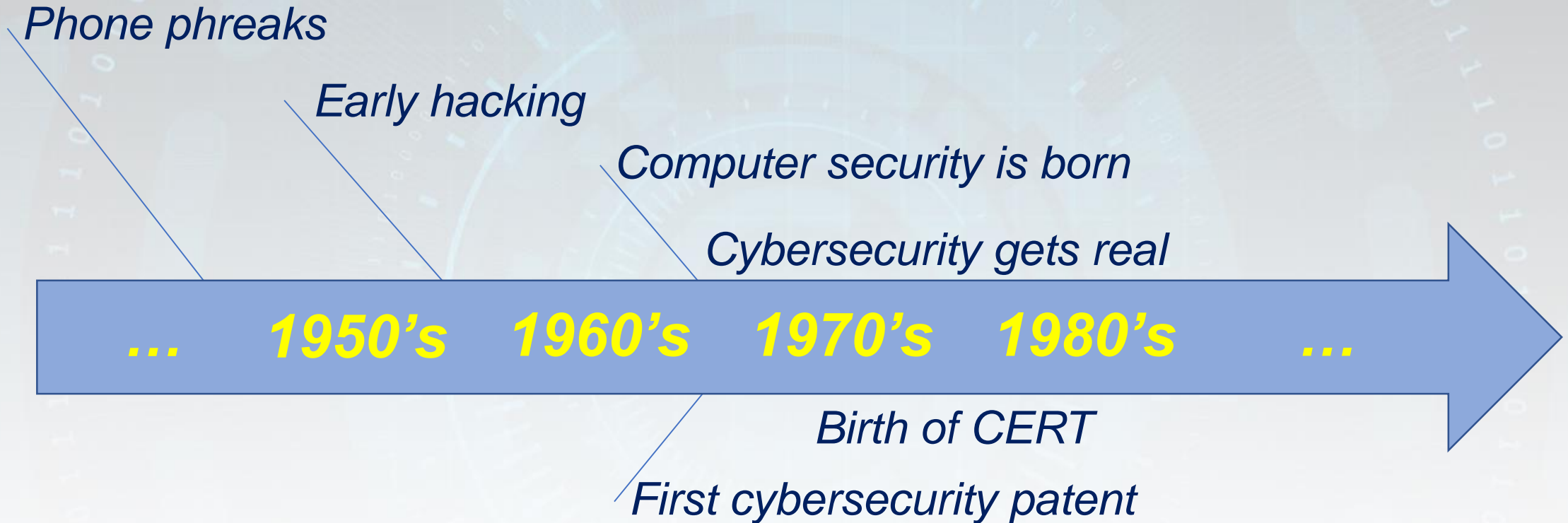
Learn a brief history of how approaches to cyber-attacks have changed over time, leading to increased measures and hence the counter measures against cyber-attacks

Student Workload

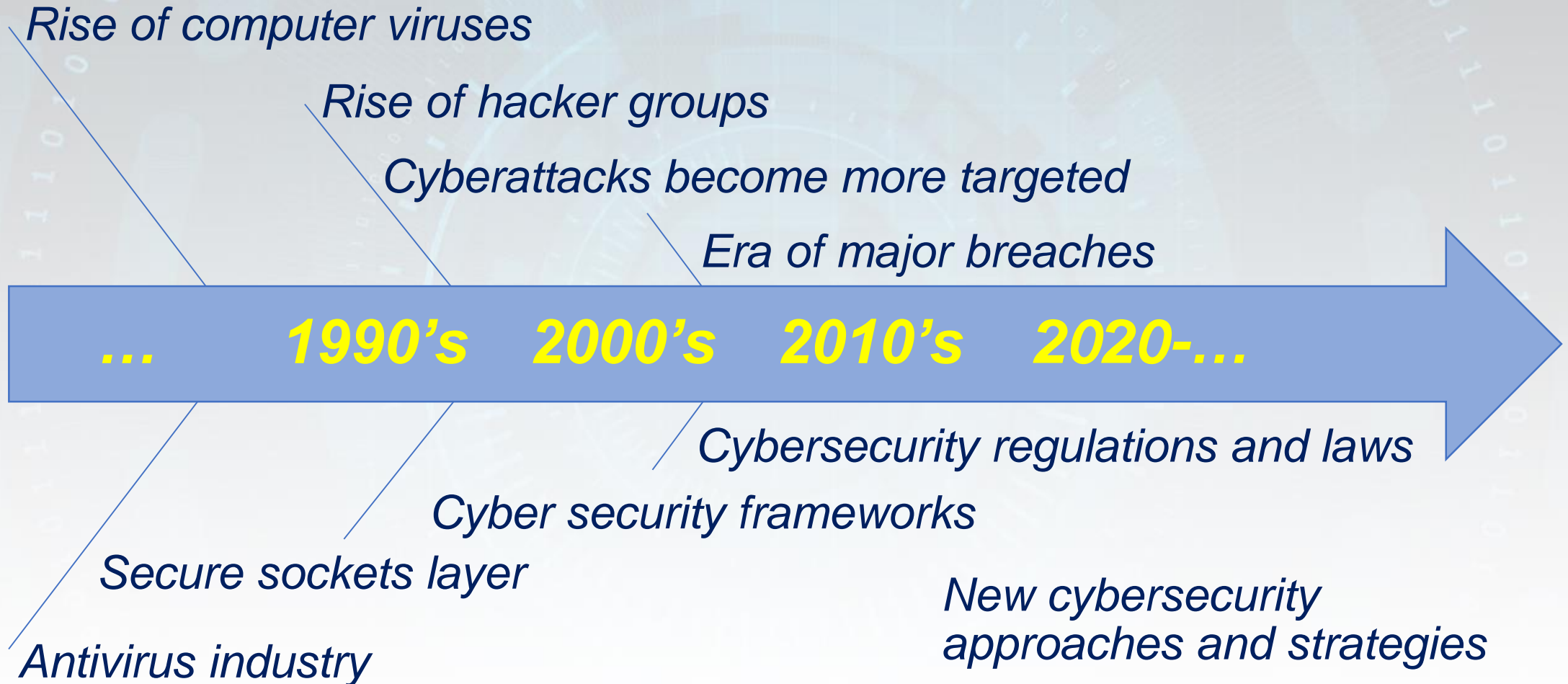


Lecture	1 h
Audio and video material	1 h
Case studies	1 h
Further reading	2 h
Preparation for exam	1 h

Contents



Contents



Phone Phreaks

In the 1950's, phones were the cutting-edge of technology

- **Phone phreaks**

- Learned to control the phone lines by listening to the sounds as calls were connected by operators
- Read phone company technical journals
- Breaking into offices to develop their own hardware



Phone phreaks were starting the hacking mindset before there was a computer around to hack

Early Hacking

In the 1960's, computers were giant mainframes, locked in rooms



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Hacking developed as a positive practice intended to help computer systems improve

This resulted in some of the first ideas for defensive programs that could stop hackers

Computer Security is Born

1971: **I am the creeper: catch me if you can**

- Researcher **Bob Thomas** created a **Creeper** that could move across ARPA network
- **Ray Tomlinson** wrote the **Reaper**, which chased and deleted Creeper
 - Reaper was the very first example of antivirus software
 - Reaper was also the first self-replicating program, making it the first-ever computer worm

```
BBN-TENEX 1.25, BBN EXEC 1.30
@FULL
@LOGIN RT
JOB 3 ON TTY12 08-APR-72
YOU HAVE A MESSAGE
@SYSTAT
UP 85:33:19    3 JOBS
LOAD AV      3.87    2.95    2.14
JOB TTY  USER      SUBSYS
1  DET  SYSTEM      NETSER
2  DET  SYSTEM      TIPSER
3  12   RT          EXEC
@
I'M THE CREEPER ; CATCH ME IF YOU CAN
```

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<https://corewar.co.uk/creeper.htm>

First Cybersecurity Patent

1983: Cryptographic Communications System and Method

RSA

- Granted to the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT)
- **RSA** (Rivest-Shamir-Adleman) algorithm, which was one of the first public key cryptosystems

Cybersecurity Gets Real

Hacking became an issue of national security in the 1980's

- In 1986, **Marcus Hess**, a German citizen, hacked into **400 military computers**
 - He intended to sell secrets to the KGB
- Attack method
 - Used Lawrence Berkeley Laboratory (LBL) to **"piggyback"** to ARPANET and MILNET
- An astronomer, **Clifford Stoll**, used **honeypot** to detect the intrusion and foil the plot



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Birth of CERT

1988: Morris worm or Internet worm – the first network virus

- **The Morris worm**

- The program went through networks, invaded Unix terminals, and copied itself
- Infected a computer multiple times
- Each additional process would slow the machine down, eventually to the point of being damaged

- R. Morris was charged under the **Computer Fraud and Abuse Act**

- The act itself led to the founding of the **Computer Emergency Response Team, a.k.a., CERT**



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The 1990's: Rise of Computer Viruses



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- Inadequate security solutions caused a huge number of unintended victims to be affected
- Most of the virus attacks were primarily concerned with financial gains or strategic objectives

May 2000: **I LOVE YOU**



- **An email message**

- subject line "ILOVEYOU" and
- attachment "LOVE-LETTER-FOR-YOU.txt.vbs"

- **Opening the attachment**

- activates the Visual Basic script
 - Overwriting image files,
 - Sent a copy of itself to the first 50 addresses in the Windows Address Book used by Microsoft Outlook

May 2000: ***I LOVE YOU***

Impact

- Within 10 days
 - 50 million (10% of the Internet connected computers) infections reported
 - Pentagon, CIA, British Parliament made a complete shutdown of their mail systems
- \$5.5-8.7 billion damage
- \$15 billion to remove the worm

Success

- Scripting engine is enabled
- Advantage of Microsoft algorithm to hiding file extensions
- Social engineering
- Microsoft design weakness
 - Access to operating systems
 - Secondary storage

Antivirus Industry

The early 1990s: a sharp growth of antivirus products

Growth of malware programs
from **few thousands** in the 1990s to **at least 5 million** by the year 2007

- First commercial antivirus programs in 1987:

- Antivirus for the Atari ST
- The NOD antivirus
- McAfee VirusScan

- Antivirus programs **scanned** and **tested** IT systems with **signatures** written in a database

- An intensive use of resource
- A large number of false positive



- **Endpoint protection platforms**

- Identify **malware families**
- Premise: malware samples deviate from existing samples
- Possible to detect and stop unknown malware since only a signature of other existing malware was required

Secure Sockets Layer

1995: SSL rears its head

- **SSL**

- Developed by Netscape shortly after released of the first internet browser
- Core for developing languages such as HyperText Transfer Protocol Secure (HTTPS)
- Enables users to access the web securely and perform activities such as online purchases



Rise of Hacker Groups

2003: Anonymous – the first hacker group

Anonymous – October 1, 2003:

- First: hacked a website belonging to the *Church of Scientology* using **DDoS**
- Doesn't have a particular leader
- Members from different offline and online communities
- To date – linked to many high-profile attack incidents
- Main cause is protecting citizens' privacy
- Motivated other groups to execute large-scale cyberattacks
 - *Lazarus* and *Apt38*, etc



Credit Card Hacks

Between 2005 and 2007: cyberattacks more targeted

- **Albert Gonzales:**

- Created a cybercriminal ring
- Compromise credit card systems
- Confidential information from at least **45.7** million cards
- Loss amounting to **\$256** million
- Funds to compensate the affected victims



TJX was unprotected when the breach occurred and other organizations saw this as a cue for protecting themselves with sophisticated cybersecurity program

The 2010s: Era of Major Breaches

• Snowden & The NSA, 2013:

- former CIA employee and contractor for the US Government – copied and leaked classified information from the National Security Agency (NSA)
- highlighted the fact that the government was “spying” on the public

• Yahoo, 2013 – 2014:

- Hackers used *spear-phishing* techniques to install malware on Yahoo’s servers, allowing them unlimited backdoor access
- Jeopardise the accounts and personal information of **three billion** users
- Yahoo was fined **\$35** million for failing to disclose news of the breach
- Sale price decreased by **\$350** million as a result

• WannaCry ransomware cryptoworm, 2017:

- Targeted computers running the Microsoft Windows operating system
- Demanded ransom payments in the Bitcoin cryptocurrency
- In only one day, the worm infected over **230.000** across **150** countries

May 12-15, 2017: *WannaCry*

- Microsoft design weakness
 - Propagated through EternalBlue
 - Took advantage of installing backdoors onto infected systems
- While Microsoft had released patches
 - Organizations had not applied these, or were using older Windows systems



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Cybersecurity Frameworks

- **Standards**

- ISO/IEC 2700x series
- NIST special publication
- BSI standard 100 for information security
- Common criteria
- ...

- **Techniques**

- Misuse cases
- Mal-activity diagrams
- SecureUML
- UMLsec
- Agile security requirements engineering

- **Frameworks**

- Framework for security requirements engineering: representation and analysis
- Security-by-ontology: a knowledge-centric approach
- ...

- **Processes**

- CC-based security engineering process
- Security requirements for software product lines
- Requirements reuse for improving system security
- ...

- **Methods**

- Secure Troops
- SQUARE
- SREBP
- ...

Cybersecurity Regulations and Laws



1996: **HIPPA** – Health Insurance Portability and Account Act

1999: **GLBA** – Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act

2003: **FISMA** – Federal Information Security Management Act

2018: **GDPR** – General Data Protection Regulation

2020: **CCPA** – California Consumer Privacy Act

New Cybersecurity Approaches and Strategies

- **MFA** – multi-factor authentication
- **NBA** – network behavioural analysis
 - identify malicious files based on behavioural deviations or anomalies
- **Threat intelligence** and update automation
- **Real-time protection**
 - on-access scanning, background guard, resident shield and auto-protect
- **Sandboxing**
 - an isolated test environment to execute a suspicious file or URL
- **Forensics**
 - replaying attacks to help security teams better mitigate future breaches
- **Back-up** and mirroring
- **WAF** – Web application firewalls
 - against cross-site forgery, cross-site-scripting (XSS), file inclusion, and SQL injection.

Summary

- Phone phreaks
- Early hacking
- Cyber security is born
- Computer virus
- Hacker groups
- Major breaches
- Cybersecurity patent
- CERT
- Antivirus industry
- SSL
- Security frameworks
- Regulations and laws



Assignments



Discuss what lessons should be learnt from the Phone Phreaks cases

Compare *I LOVE YOU* and *WannaCry* attacks

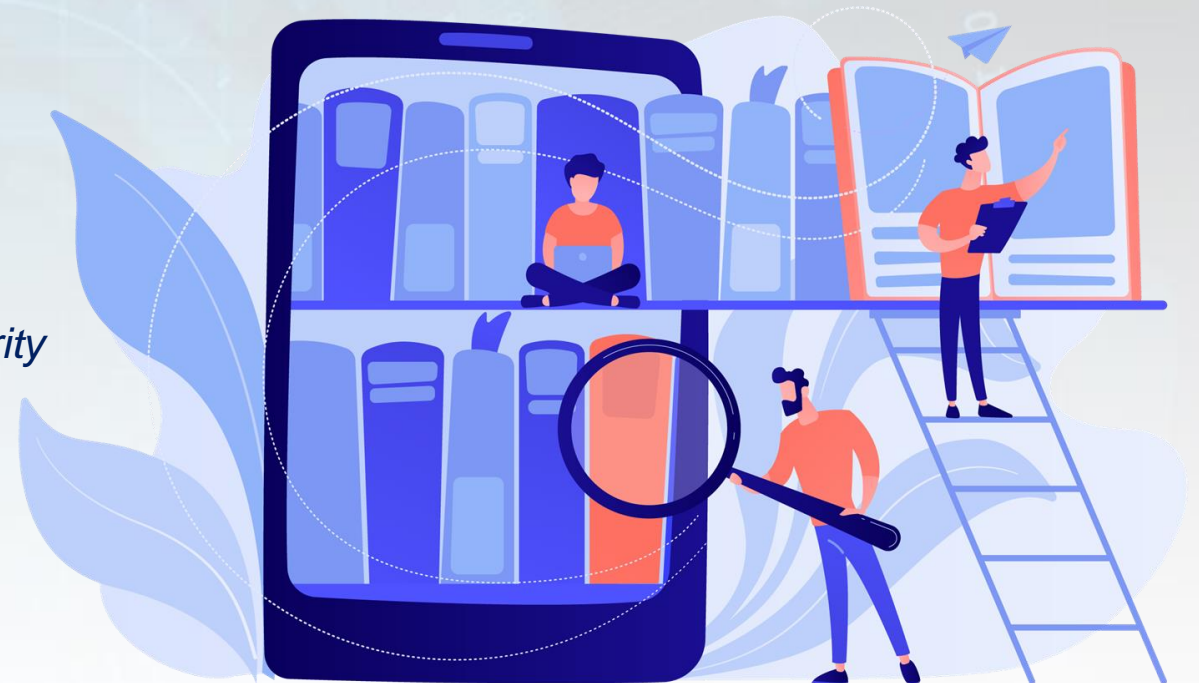
Which Cybersecurity frameworks have you studied or read about?

Further Reading

History of Cybersecurity

Material used in preparation of this lecture

- <https://cyberexperts.com/history-of-cybersecurity/>
- <https://elevenfifty.org/blog/a-decade-by-decade-history-of-cybersecurity/>
- <https://www.secureworld.io/industry-news/historic-hacking-brief-history-cybersecurity>
- <https://www.jigsawacademy.com/blogs/cyber-security/cyber-security-history>
- <https://www.javatpoint.com/history-of-cyber-security>
- <https://blog.avast.com/history-of-cybersecurity-avast>
- <https://www.ifsecglobal.com/cyber-security/a-history-of-information-security/>



Short Videos

- A Brief History of Cybersecurity and Hacking
<https://youtu.be/V6p7IFsokXo>
- History of Cybersecurity
<https://youtu.be/CFwmTzCVuFQ>
- Evolution of Cybersecurity from 80s to Today
<https://youtu.be/wKaRdugeAPs>
- Top Cyber Attacks In History
<https://youtu.be/fUeJtM1bgGo>
<https://youtu.be/IJc3viPKXk4>



Thank you!

